

# Top quark properties at ATLAS

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On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

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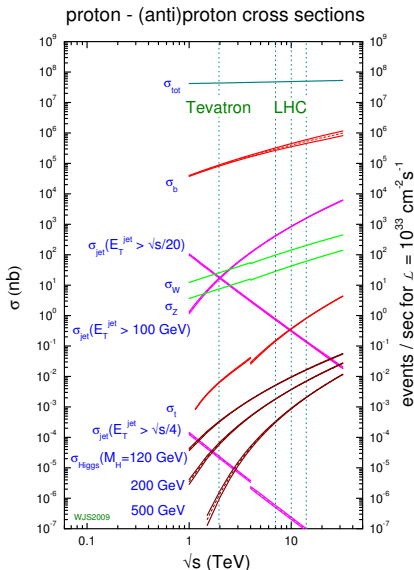
# Introduction

## The top quark:

- 👉 The heaviest elementary particle observed,  $m_{\text{top}} \sim 173$  GeV
- 👉 Yukawa coupling  $\sim 1$
- 👉 Decays before forming bound states
- 👉 Dominant decay  $t \rightarrow Wb$  with  $\text{BR}(t \rightarrow Wb) \sim 1$

## Why studying its properties:

- 👉  $m_{\text{top}}$  a free parameter in the Standard Model (SM)
- 👉 Test the SM predictions
- 👉 Search for new physics



## Charge asymmetry, $A_C$

- lepton+jets: Eur. Phys. J. C72 (2012) 2039 ( $1.04 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
- di-lepton: ATLAS-CONF-2012-057 ( $4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )

## Top-quark mass, $m_{\text{top}}$

- lepton+jets: Eur. Phys. J. C72 (2012) 2046 ( $1.04 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
- all jets: ATLAS-CONF-2012-030 ( $2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
- di-lepton: ATLAS-CONF-2012-082 ( $4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )

## Differential cross-section

- $t\bar{t}$ +jets: ATLAS-CONF-2012-083 ( $4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
- $d\sigma/dm_{t\bar{t}}, d\sigma/dp_{T,t\bar{t}}, d\sigma/dy_{t\bar{t}}$ : arXiv:1207.5644[hep-ex] ( $2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )

## FCNC

- $t \rightarrow qZ$ : arXiv:1206.0257[hep-ex] ( $2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )

## Summary

# General object and event selection

## $b$ -tagging

- JetFitter: fit decay chain of  $b/c$
- IP3D + SV1: track impact parameter (IP) + secondary vertex (SV)
- MV1: combination with NN

## Jet

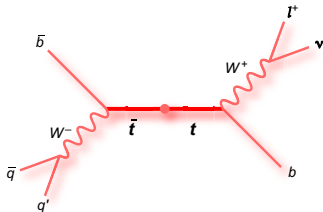
- Topological clusters
- Anti- $k_t$  ( $R = 0.4$ )
- $p_T > 25$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.5$

## Electron

- EM calo object, track-matched
- Calo and track isolation
- $E_T > 25$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.47$  excluding  $[1.37, 1.52]$

## Muon

- Segments in inner tracking/muon detectors
- Calo and track isolation
- $p_T > 20$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.5$



## $E_T^{\text{miss}}$

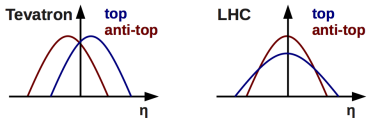
- Vector sum of calo energy deposits
- Corrected for identified objects

Event categorization ( $W \rightarrow qq', \ell\nu$ ) and selections:

- 👉 **lepton+jets**: exactly one high  $p_T$  lepton (trigger),  $\geq 3(4)$  jets,  $b$ -tagged jet(s), large  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$
- 👉 **di-lepton**: single-lepton trigger, two opposite-charged leptons,  $\geq 2$  jets,  $b$ -tagged jet(s), large  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ ,  $Z$  event veto (same flavor)
- 👉 **all jets**: mixed jet triggers,  $\geq 5$  high  $p_T$  jets, 2  $b$ -tagged jets

# Charge asymmetry, $A_C$

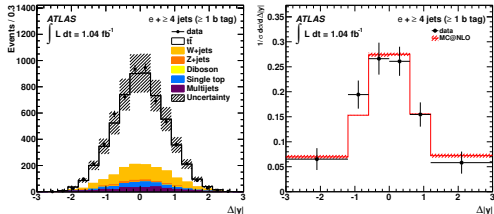
# Charge asymmetry: lepton+jets



$$A_C = \frac{N(\Delta|y| > 0) - N(\Delta|y| < 0)}{N(\Delta|y| > 0) + N(\Delta|y| < 0)}$$

SM prediction:  $A_C = 0.006 \pm 0.002$  (MC@NLO)

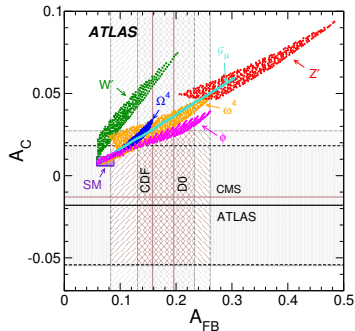
Measured and unfolded  $\Delta|y| \equiv |y_t| - |y_{\bar{t}}|$  distributions:



**Largest uncertainties:** signal modeling, initial state radiation (ISR)/ final state radiation (FSR), JES

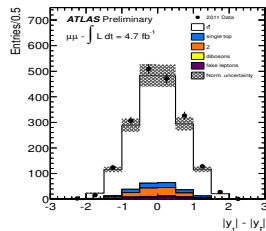
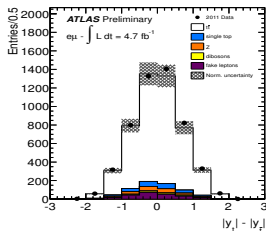
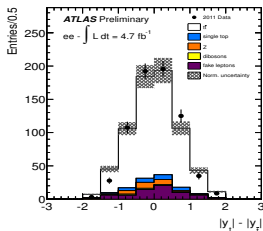
Unfolded charge asymmetry (Bayesian):  
 $A_C = -0.019 \pm 0.028(\text{stat}) \pm 0.024(\text{syst})$

Charge asymmetry separated in  $m_{t\bar{t}}$ :  
 $A_C = -0.052 \pm 0.070(\text{stat}) \pm 0.054(\text{syst})$   
 for  $m_{t\bar{t}} < 450$  GeV  
 $A_C = -0.008 \pm 0.035(\text{stat}) \pm 0.032(\text{syst})$   
 for  $m_{t\bar{t}} > 450$  GeV



# Charge asymmetry: di-lepton

Measured  $\Delta|y|$  distributions:



$ee$ ,  $e\mu$  and  $\mu\mu$  combination (after background subtraction and efficiency/acceptance corrections):

$$A_C^{t\bar{t}} = 0.057 \pm 0.024(\text{stat}) \pm 0.015(\text{syst})$$

Combination with lepton+jets:

$$A_C^{t\bar{t}} = 0.029 \pm 0.018(\text{stat}) \pm 0.014(\text{syst})$$

consistent with the SM prediction

$t\bar{t}$  asymmetry transmitted to leptons  
 $\rightarrow$  lepton based asymmetry  $A_C^{\ell\ell}$

$$A_C^{\ell\ell} = \frac{N(\Delta|\eta| > 0) - N(\Delta|\eta| < 0)}{N(\Delta|\eta| > 0) + N(\Delta|\eta| < 0)}$$

$ee$ ,  $e\mu$  and  $\mu\mu$  combination:

$$A_C^{\ell\ell} = 0.023 \pm 0.012(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.008(\text{syst.})$$

**Largest uncertainties:** signal generator, ISR/FSR, JES, and QCD multijet estimation

# Top quark mass, $m_{\text{top}}$



# Top mass: lepton+jets

Two template methods employed:

🔧 **1d-analysis:** reconstructed mass ratio  $R_{32} \equiv \frac{m_{\text{top}}^{\text{reco}}}{m_W^{\text{reco}}}$

👉 Additional cuts:  $\ln L > -50$ ,  $p_T^{\text{jet}} > 40$  GeV (jet triplet assigned to the hadronic top decay),  $60 < m_W^{\text{reco}} < 100$  GeV

👉 Signal templates from  $m_{\text{top}}$  dependent MC samples, parameterized  $R_{32}$  templates

🔧 **2d-analysis:** simultaneous fit to derive  $m_{\text{top}}$  and jet energy scale factor (JSF)

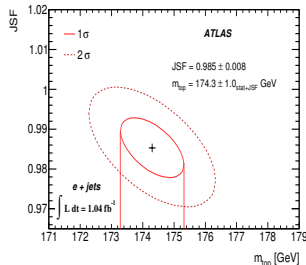
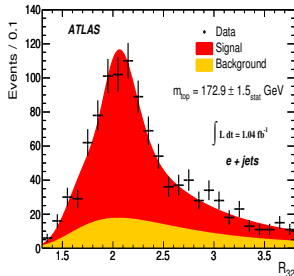
👉 Light jet pair with  $50 < m_{jj} < 110$  GeV considered for kinematic fit of the hadronic  $W$  decay candidates

👉 In-situ constraint of  $m_W^{\text{reco}}$

$m_{\text{top}} = 174.4 \pm 0.9(\text{stat}) \pm 2.5(\text{syst})$  GeV (1d-analysis)

$m_{\text{top}} = 174.5 \pm 0.6(\text{stat}) \pm 2.3(\text{syst})$  GeV (2d-analysis)

**Largest uncertainties:** JES,  $b$ -JES and ISR/FSR



# Top mass: di-lepton

Very low background after selection but need to handle the two neutrinos, define  $m_{T2}$  (stransverse mass, a lower bound of the parent particle mass) as:

$$m_{T2}(m_{\text{invis}}) = \min_{\vec{p}_T^{(1)}, \vec{p}_T^{(2)}} \left\{ \max \left[ m_T(m_{\text{invis}}, \vec{p}_T^{(1)}), m_T(m_{\text{invis}}, \vec{p}_T^{(2)}) \right] \right\}$$

where  $\vec{p}_T^{(1)}$  and  $\vec{p}_T^{(2)}$  represent the values of the invisible particles' transverse momenta, and

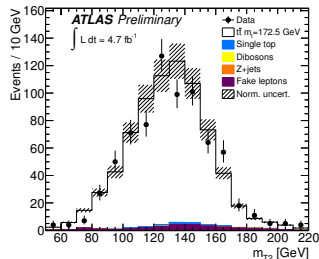
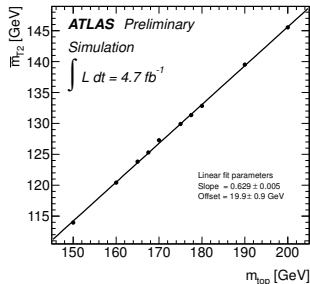
$$m_T(m_{\text{invis}}, \vec{p}_T^{(i)}) = \sqrt{m_{\text{vis}}^2 + m_{\text{invis}}^2 + 2(E_T^{\text{vis}} E_T^{\text{invis}} - \vec{p}_T^{\text{vis}} \cdot \vec{p}_T^{(i)})}$$

$$\vec{p}_T^{(1)} + \vec{p}_T^{(2)} = \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}}, \quad \vec{p}_T^{(i)} = \vec{p}_{\text{lepton}}^{(i)} + \vec{p}_{b\text{-jet}}^{(i)}$$

**Calibration curve** to map  $\bar{m}_{T2}$  (mean value of  $m_{T2}$  distribution) to  $m_{\text{top}}$  using MC simulation samples with varied input top mass.

$$m_{\text{top}} = 175.2 \pm 1.6(\text{stat})_{-2.8}^{+3.1}(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

**Largest uncertainties:** JES,  $b$ -JES, signal generator, parton shower and color reconnection



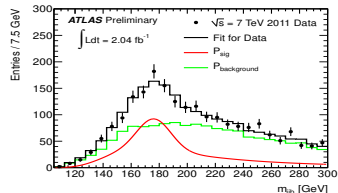
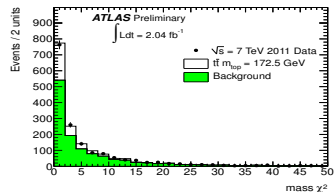
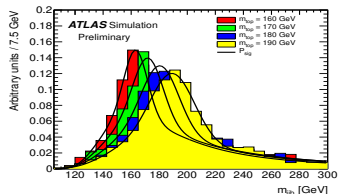
# Top mass: all jets

- QCD multijet background ← suppressed by requiring double  $b$ -tagging
- $b\bar{b}$  background ← reduced by requiring  $m_{jj}$  consistent with  $W$  mass
- Signal templates of  $m_{jjb}$  from MC simulation (varied input  $m_t$ ) and background shape constructed from data
- Full event reconstruction via kinematic fit ( $\chi^2 > 8$  to enhance the  $S/B$ )

$$\chi^2 = \frac{(m_{j_1, j_2} - m_W)^2}{\sigma_W^2} + \frac{(m_{j_1, j_2, b_1} - m_t)^2}{\sigma_t^2} + \frac{(m_{j_3, j_4} - m_W)^2}{\sigma_W^2} + \frac{(m_{j_3, j_4, b_2} - m_t)^2}{\sigma_t^2}$$

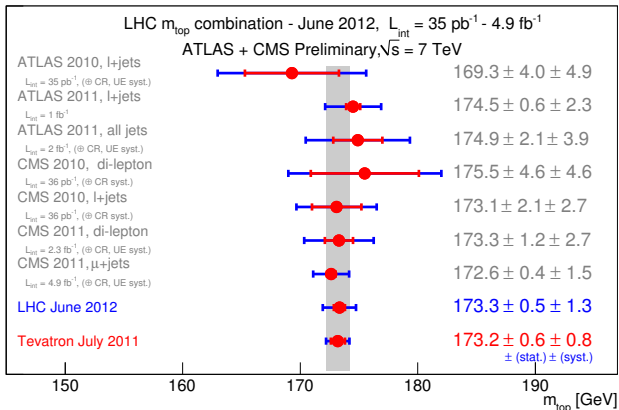
$$m_{\text{top}} = 174.9 \pm 2.1(\text{stat}) \pm 3.8(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

**Largest uncertainties:** JES,  $b$ -JES, ISR/FSR and background modeling



# Top mass: LHC combination

ATLAS-CONF-2012-095, CMS PAS TOP-12-001



# Differential cross-section

## Definitions of $t\bar{t}j$ events:

Def. 1.  $t\bar{t}$  with at least one particle jet not matched to a parton from a top quark

Def. 2.  $t\bar{t}$  with  $\geq 5$  particle jets (model-independent)

$\sigma_{t\bar{t}(j)}$  measured with **template fit** to data based on the **likelihood discriminant** constructed from two input variables, **charged-lepton pseudorapidity** and **Aplanarity**

Using Def. 1:

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}j} = 102 \pm 2(\text{stat})_{-26}^{+23}(\text{syst}) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}j}/\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{\text{incl}} = 0.54 \pm 0.01(\text{stat})_{-0.08}^{+0.05}(\text{syst})$$

$\sigma_{t\bar{t}j}$  in **fiducial regions** (within detector acceptance):

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}j \rightarrow e+jets}^{\text{fiducial}} = 2.59 \pm 0.09(\text{stat})_{-0.46}^{+0.26}(\text{syst}) \text{ pb}$$

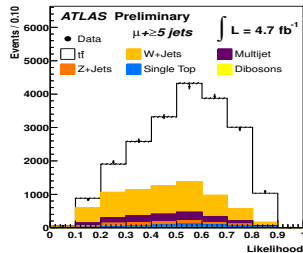
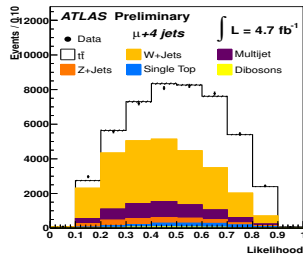
$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}j \rightarrow \mu+jets}^{\text{fiducial}} = 3.48 \pm 0.08(\text{stat})_{-0.61}^{+0.43}(\text{syst}) \text{ pb}$$

Using Def. 2:

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}X \rightarrow e+\geq 5jets}^{\text{fiducial}} = 4.09 \pm 0.18(\text{stat})_{-0.85}^{+0.62}(\text{syst}) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}X \rightarrow \mu+\geq 5jets}^{\text{fiducial}} = 5.27 \pm 0.16(\text{stat})_{-1.20}^{+1.04}(\text{syst}) \text{ pb}$$

**Largest uncertainties:** signal modeling, JES



# Relative differential cross-sections

$$1/d\sigma_{t\bar{t}} d\sigma/dm_{t\bar{t}}, \quad 1/d\sigma_{t\bar{t}} d\sigma/dp_{T,t\bar{t}}, \quad 1/d\sigma_{t\bar{t}} d\sigma/dy_{t\bar{t}}$$

Full kinematic reconstruction of the  $t\bar{t}$  events:

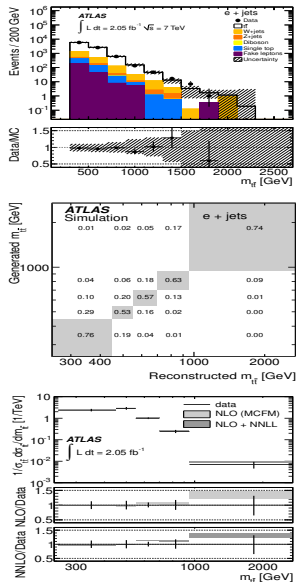
- 🔗 Likelihood approach, linking the reconstructed objects to the  $t\bar{t}$  decay products
- 🔗 Cut on  $\ln L$  to enhance the  $S/B$  ratio

Unfolded relative differential cross-sections:

- 🔗 Response matrix inversion
- 🔗 Unfolding performed separately in the electron and muon channels, then results combined
- 🔗 Compared with NLO (+NNLL), MCFM, ALPGEN and MC@NLO predictions

No significant deviations from the SM predictions

**Largest uncertainties:** JES, signal and background modeling



Flavor Changing Neutral Current (FCNC) process :

$$t \rightarrow Zq \quad (q = u, c)$$

highly suppressed in SM,  $BR \sim 10^{-14}$ , higher BR predicted by several SM extensions

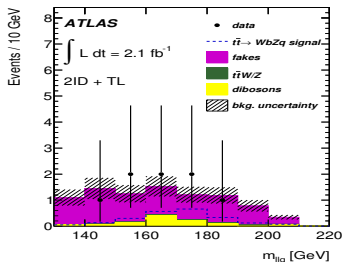
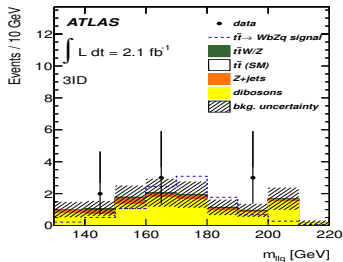
- ◆ 3ID: 3 leptons ( $e/\mu$ ), one opposite-sign, same-flavor pair with  $m_{\ell+\ell^-}$  consistent with Z
- ◆ 2ID+TL: 2 leptons ( $e/\mu$ ) and 1 isolated track lepton (22% increase in acceptance)

Full reconstruction of  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow WbZq$  via kinematic fit:

$$\chi^2 = \frac{(m_{ja\ell a\ell b}^{\text{reco}} - m_t)^2}{\sigma_t^2} + \frac{(m_{ja\ell c\nu}^{\text{reco}} - m_t)^2}{\sigma_t^2} + \frac{(m_{\ell c\nu}^{\text{reco}} - m_W)^2}{\sigma_W^2} + \frac{(m_{\ell a\ell b}^{\text{reco}} - m_Z)^2}{\sigma_Z^2}$$

$BR(t \rightarrow Zq) < 0.73\%$  at 95% C.L.

**Largest uncertainties:** lepton reconstruction/identification efficiency, JES and ZZ/WZ shape





- 📌 Presented measurements of top-quark properties: [charge asymmetry](#), [top quark mass](#), [differential cross-section](#) and [FCNC search](#).
- 📌 Not covered:
  - 📌 [Spin correlation](#): Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 212001 (2012) ( $2.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
  - 📌 [W helicity](#): JHEP 1206 (2012) 088 ( $1.04 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
  - 📌  [\$t\bar{t}\$  resonances](#): arXiv:1207.2409[hep-ex] ([lepton+jets](#), boosted,  $2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ), Eur.Phys.J. C72 (2012) 2083 ([lepton+jets](#) and [di-lepton](#),  $2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ), ATLAS-CONF-2012-102 ([all jets](#),  $4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
  - 📌  [\$t\bar{t}\gamma\$](#) : ATLAS-CONF-2010-153 ( $1.04 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
  - 📌 [Link to the ATLAS top public results](#)
- 📌 More measurements with the 2012 data (8 TeV) coming soon

Thank you!

# Backup

# Background estimation: QCD multijet

Data-driven methods (pre-tagged and tagged samples):

- ✎ Anti-electron: shape from the electron-like objects but failing some of the identification cuts, extrapolating from side band to signal regions (e.g. from low  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  to high  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  region)
- ✎ Matrix method: selecting two categories of events using loose and tight lepton selection requirements, efficiencies of real and fake leptons measured with  $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$  and QCD enriched sample
- ✎ Jet-electron: likelihood fit the signal region with shapes of processes containing real electrons from MC and the shapes of the QCD multijet from jets with a high EM fraction (similar idea can be applied to fake muon estimation)

# Background estimation: $W$ +jets

Main background for **lepton+jets** analyses:

Total normalization of  $W$ +jets in the signal region ( $\geq 4$  jets) by exploiting the  $W$  charge asymmetry

$$N_{\geq 4, \text{pretag}} = N_{W^+} + N_{W^-} = \left( \frac{r_{MC} + 1}{r_{MC} - 1} \right) (D^+ - D^-)$$

where  $r_{MC} \equiv \frac{N(pp \rightarrow W^+ + X)}{N(pp \rightarrow W^- + X)}$  (well predicted in theory).

Extrapolating to tagged sample

$$N_{\geq 4, \text{tagged}} = N_{\geq 4, \text{pretag}} \cdot f_{2, \text{tagged}} \cdot k_{2 \rightarrow \geq 4}$$

# Event likelihood in $t\bar{t}$

$$L = \mathcal{T}(E_{\text{jet}_1} | \hat{E}_{b_{\text{had}}}) \cdot \mathcal{T}(E_{\text{jet}_2} | \hat{E}_{b_\ell}) \cdot \mathcal{T}(E_{\text{jet}_3} | \hat{E}_{q_1}) \cdot \\ \mathcal{T}(E_{\text{jet}_4} | \hat{E}_{q_2}) \cdot \mathcal{T}(E_x^{\text{miss}} | \hat{p}_{x,\nu}) \cdot \mathcal{T}(E_y^{\text{miss}} | \hat{p}_{y\nu}) \cdot \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathcal{T}(E_e | \hat{E}_e) & e + \text{jets} \\ \mathcal{T}(p_{T,\mu} | \hat{p}_{T,\mu}) & \mu + \text{jets} \end{array} \right\} \cdot \\ \mathcal{B}[m(q_1 q_2) | m_W, \Gamma_W] \cdot \mathcal{B}[m(\ell\nu) | m_W, \Gamma_W] \cdot \\ \mathcal{B}[m(q_1 q_2 b_{\text{had}}) | m_{\text{top}}^{\text{reco,like}}, \Gamma_{\text{top}}] \cdot \\ \mathcal{B}[m(\ell\nu b_\ell) | m_{\text{top}}^{\text{reco,like}}, \Gamma_{\text{top}}] \cdot W_{\text{btag}}$$

The likelihood relates the observed objects to the  $t\bar{t}$  decay products (quarks and leptons) predicted by the NLO signal Monte Carlo, albeit in Leading Order (LO) kinematic approach, using  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow \ell\nu b_\ell q_1 q_2 b_{\text{had}}$ .

It is defined as a production of **transfer functions** ( $\mathcal{T}$ ), **Breit-Wigner** ( $\mathcal{B}$ ) **distributions**, and a **weight**  $W_{\text{btag}}$  accounting for the  $b$ -tagging information

# Spin correlation in $t\bar{t}$

The top quark decays before hadronization  $\rightarrow$  spin transferred to its decay products  $\leftarrow$  measured via angular distributions (e.g.  $\Delta\phi$  of the two charged leptons).

$$A = \frac{N(\uparrow\uparrow) + N(\downarrow\downarrow) - N(\uparrow\downarrow) - N(\downarrow\uparrow)}{N(\uparrow\uparrow) + N(\downarrow\downarrow) + N(\uparrow\downarrow) + N(\downarrow\uparrow)}$$

SM predictions:  $A_{\text{helicity}}^{\text{SM}} = 0.31$  (helicity basis) and  $A_{\text{maximal}}^{\text{SM}} = 0.44$  (maximal basis).

**Template fit** to extract the amount of spin correlation ( $f^{\text{SM}}$ ) from the  $\Delta\phi$  distribution

$$f^{\text{SM}} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{uncorrelated spins} \\ 1 & \text{correlated spins (SM prediction)} \\ > 1 & \text{larger spin correlation than SM prediction} \end{cases}$$

$$f^{\text{SM}} = 1.30 \pm 0.14(\text{stat}) \pm_{-0.22}^{+0.27}(\text{syst}), A_{\text{basis}} = A_{\text{basis}}^{\text{SM}} \cdot f^{\text{SM}}$$

Hypothesis tests (pseudo-experiments with syst. uncert.):  
The zero  $t\bar{t}$  spin correlation hypothesis excluded with  $5.1\sigma$

**Largest uncertainties:** data/MC statistics, jet energy scale (JES), signal modeling and fake leptons

